# The Nordics during the first phases of COVID-19



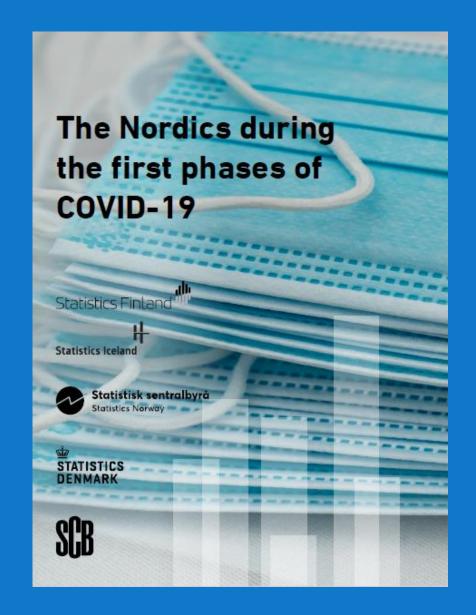






## Agenda

- 1. Health
- 2. Macro economy
- 3. Businesses
- 4. Labour market



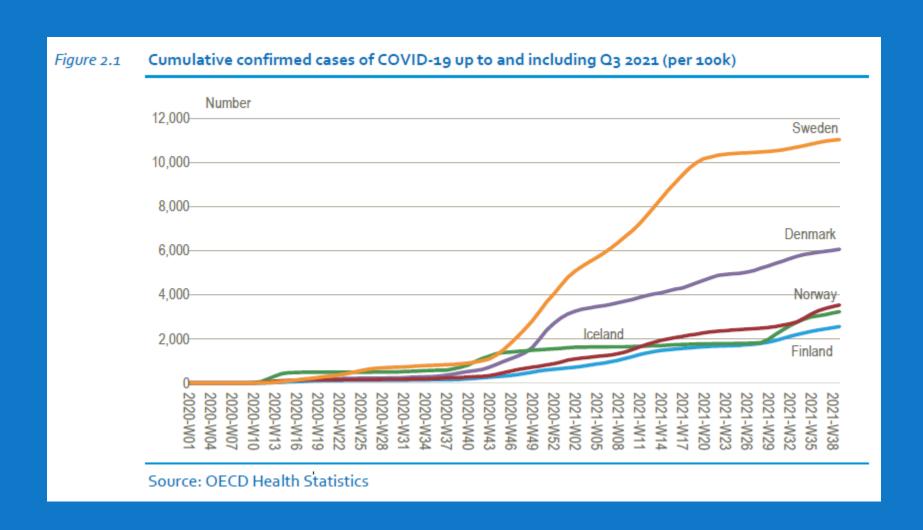








### 1. Health





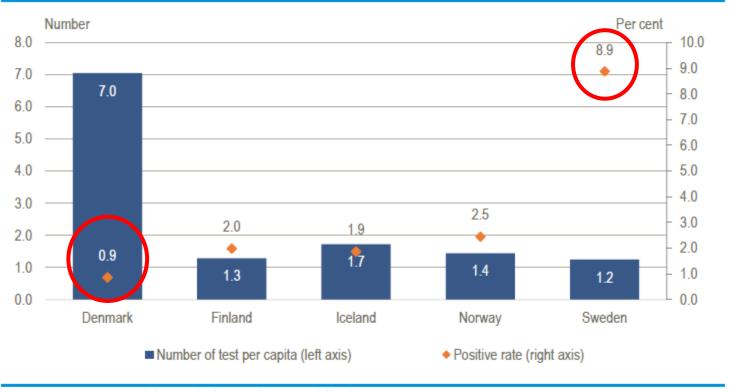






#### 1. Health





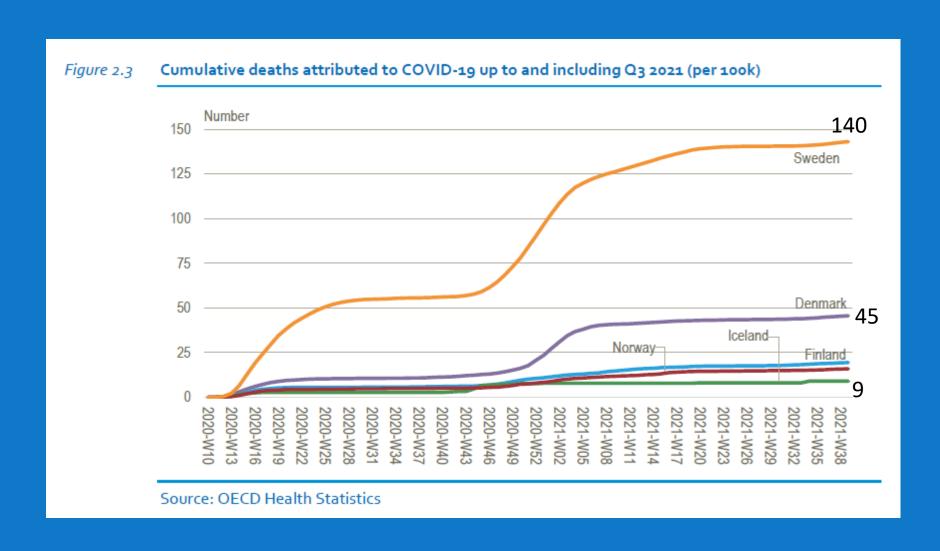
Sources: OECD Health Statistics and ourworldindata.org







#### 1. Health

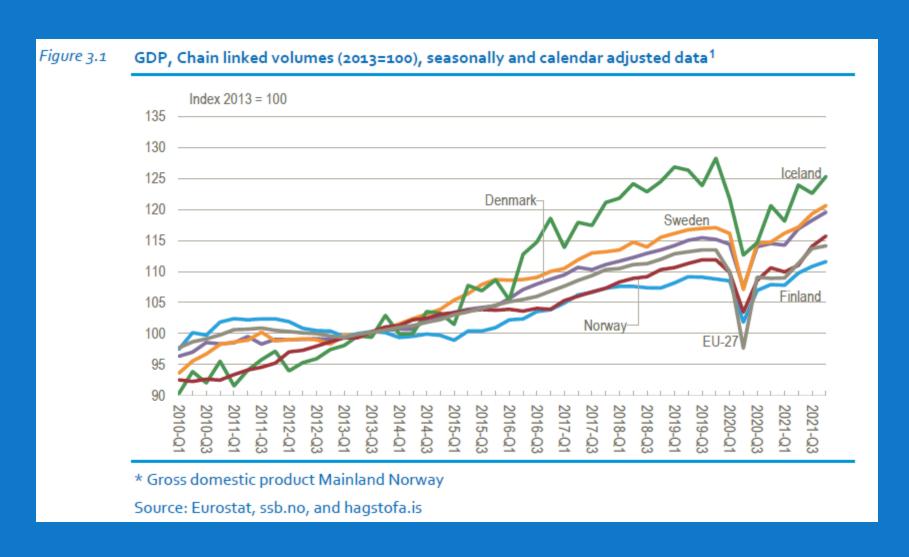








## 2. Macro economy

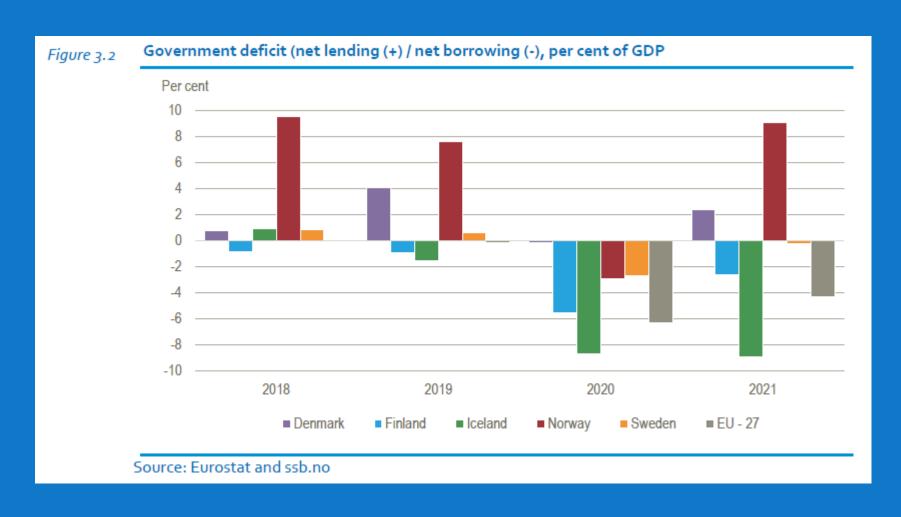








## 2. Macro economy

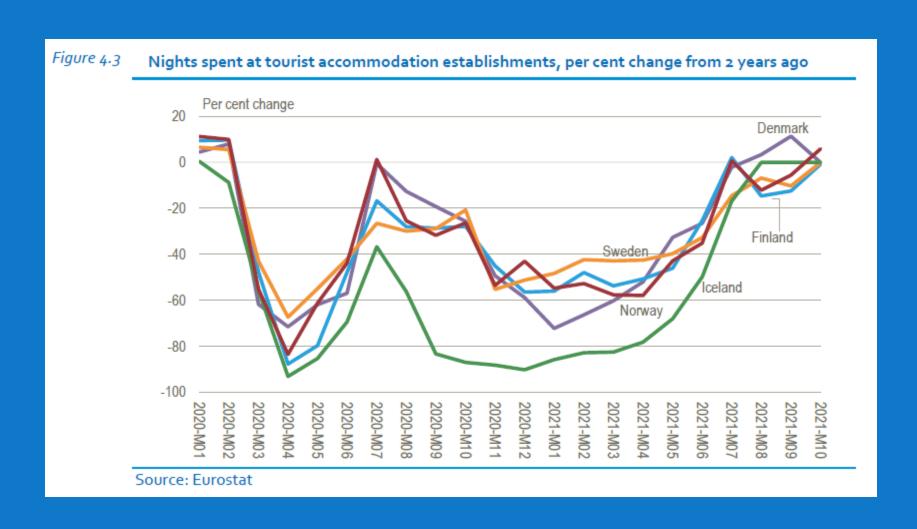








#### 3. Businesses











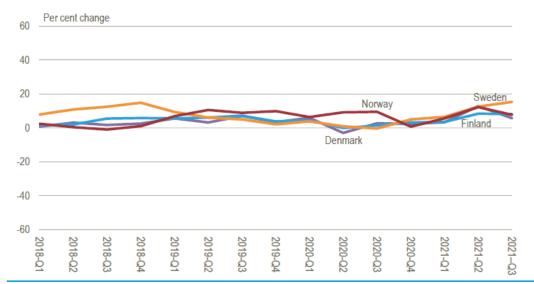


#### 3. Businesses

Figure 4.4 Index of turnover in accommodation and food services, per cent change from previous year, calendar adjusted not seasonally adjusted data



Figure 4.5 Index of turnover in information and communication, per cent change from previous year, calendar adjusted not seasonally adjusted data



Source: Eurostat











## 3. Businesses

	Amount granted and registered (million EURO)	Amount granted and registered as share of GDP 2020	Top-3 of the activities (NACE Rev 2.1) that received the largest amounts
Denmark	6,238	2.0 per cent	56.10 Restaurants and mobile food service activities 55.10 Hotels and similar accommodation 56.30 Beverage serving activities
Finland	2,142	0.9 per cent	56.10 Restaurants and mobile food service activities 55.10 Hotels and similar accommodation 62.01 Computer programming activities
Iceland	428	2.3 per cent	55.10 Hotels and similar accommodation 56.10 Restaurants and mobile food service activities 51.10 Passenger air transport
Norway	21,645 incl. Q4 2021	NA	NA
Sweden	9,600	2.0 per cent	56.10 Restaurants and mobile food service activities 70.22 Business and other management consultancy activities 71.12 Engineering activities and related technical consultancy

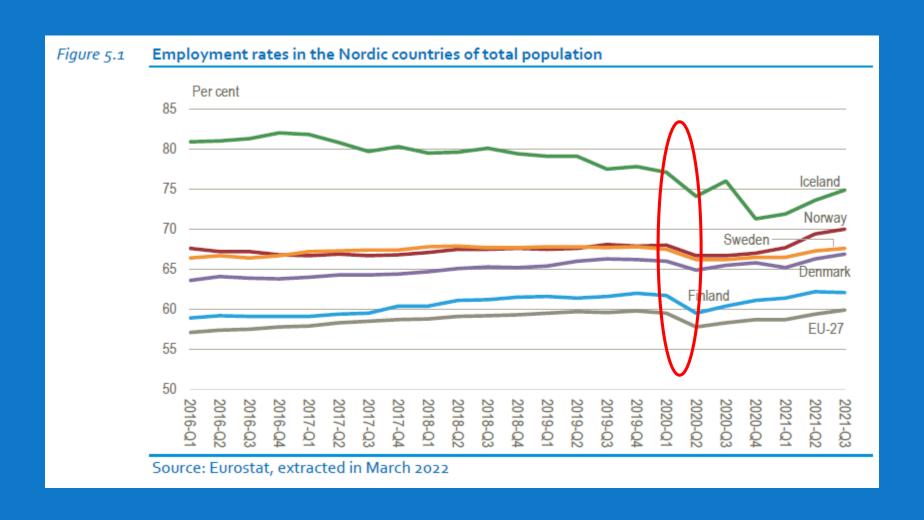








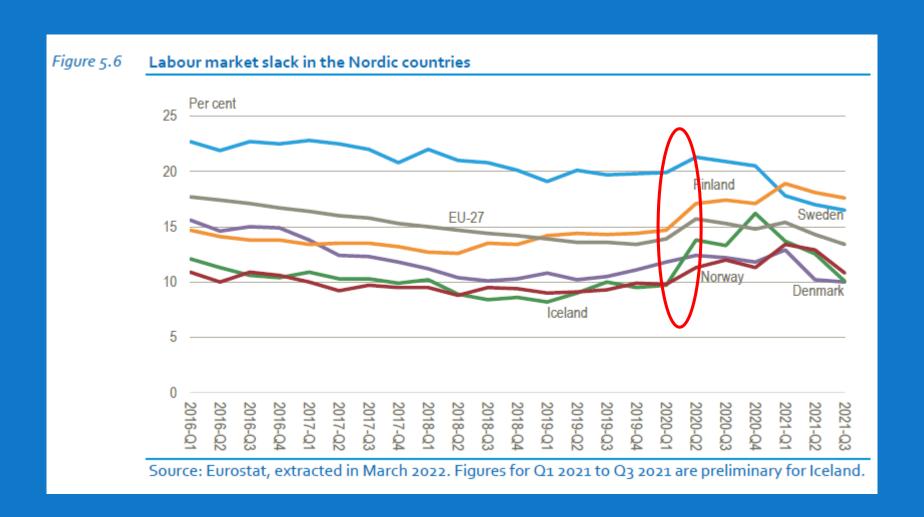
#### 4. Labour market







#### 4. Labour market













# 5. Main takeaways