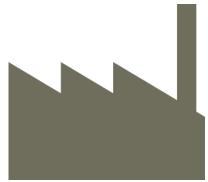
Conference theme: On the fly

Session: 4.1 The effects of COVID: Revulsion, recession and recovery



Measuring the impact of COVID-19 on Nordic companies' international sourcing decisions and value chains

August 23/08/2022, 13:00 - 13:55 *Reykjavik, Iceland*



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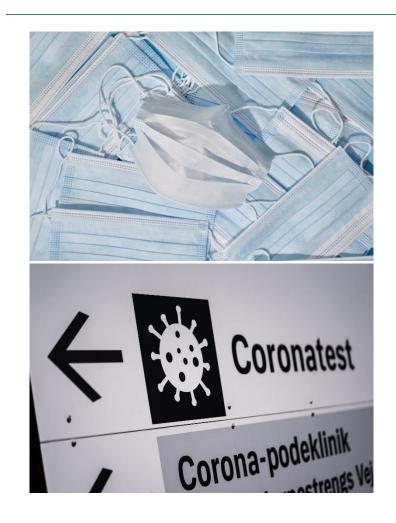


The paper in a nutshell

- > The impact of COVID-19 of interest to politicians, researchers and the public
- Collecting data challenging for NSIs
- Global Value Chains and International Sourcing survey in the Nordics
- > data collection challenges, data limitations and quality issues
- > opportunities for future analysis and dialogue

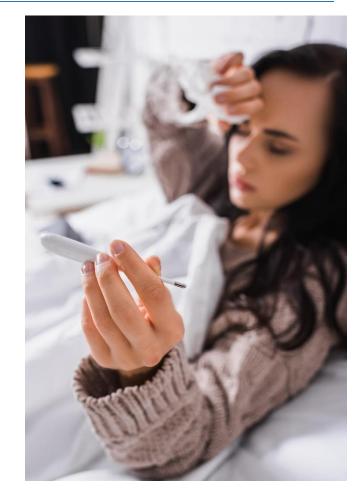




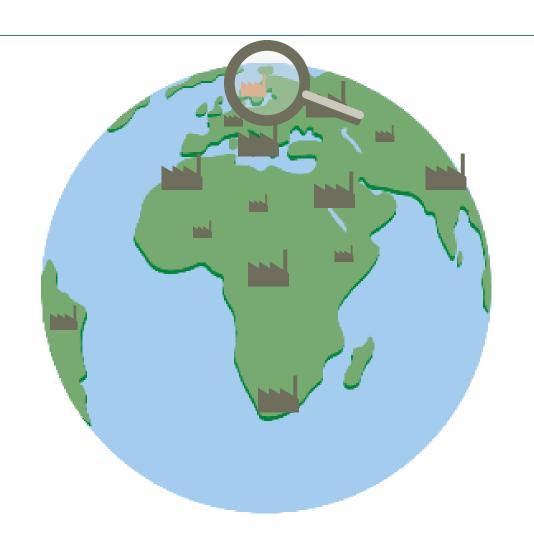








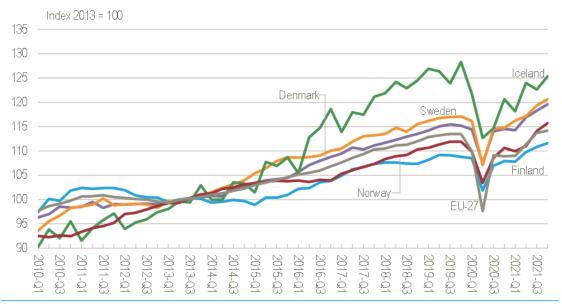
NSM 2022



NSM 2022

The Nordics during COVID-19

GDP, Chain linked volumes (2013=100), seasonally and calendar adjusted data 1



^{*} Gross domestic product Mainland Norway

Source: Eurostat, ssb.no, and hagstofa.is

Werke et al. (2022). The Nordics during the first phases of COVID-19.



DI DOMPEDO

Get info and sort on table headers @

REOPENING PROGRESS COVID STATUS ₹ QUALITY OF LIFE ₹

RANK CHANGE	ECONOMY	BLOOMBERG RESILIENCE SCORE	VACCINE DOSES PER 100	LOCKDOWN SEVERITY	FLIGHT CAPACITY	VACCINATED TRAVEL ROUTES
1 ▲5	South Korea	80.9	244	14	-50.1%	438.5
2 •3	UAE	80.7	268.5	30	-20%	438.5
3 ▼1	Ireland	80.5	223.4	11	-6.9%	438.5
4 ▼3	Norway	80.1	211.7	11	-2.4%	438.5
5 ▲5	Saudi Arabia	79.8	190.5	25	-12.6%	436.5
6 ▼3	Denmark	79	227.2	11	- 17 . 1%	438.5
7 -	Canada	78.8	229.3	19	- 15.5%	437.5
8 ▼ 4	Netherlands	78.6	203	16	-11.1%	439.5
9 1 4	Australia	78.1	234.2	14	-16.2%	436.5
10 411	Turkey	77.3	176.8	14	-8.2%	436.5
11 ▼3	Switzerland	77.2	183	11	-18.4%	438.5
12 ▲ 4	Colombia	76.7	170.3	20	15.5%	437.5
13 ▲2	Chile	76	303.7	25	-19.9%	437.5
14 ▼2	Singapore	75.6	249.7	32	- 48.1%	439
15 ▼2	Belgium	75.2	222.6	21	-16.2%	438.5
16 ▼5	Israel	74.8	197.3	15	-24.3%	438.5
17 -	France	74.7	227.4	19	-13.8%	438.5
18 ▲ 4	Vietnam	74.6	235.7	26	3%	435.5
19 ▲ 7	Italy	74.5	231.7	19	-6.4%	438.5
20 ▼11	Sweden	74.4	218	11	-26.1%	438.5
21 ▼1	Spain	74.3	215.8	28	-8.2%	438.5
22 ▼ 8	U.K.	74.2	222.7	11	- 15%	438.5
23 ▼ 4	Germany	74.2	219.6	18	-26.3%	437.5
24 4 8	Greece	74.1	196.8	24	7.6%	438.5
25 •4	Portugal	73.9	236.8	14	-1.3%	438
26 ▼ 8	Finland	73.8	220.1	27	-34.5%	438.5
27 🔺 1	Argentina	73.2	232.4	28	-28.8%	437.5
28 ^2	Mexico	71.8	163.7	18	6.3%	437.5
29 ▼5	Poland	71.8	143.8	15	-5.3%	435.5
30 411	Japan	71.4	225.9	38	-31.8%	295.5
) \				

<u>Bloomberg</u> (2020 – 2022)



Academic research and national surveys

International sourcing (i.e. business relocation from one country to another):

- Impact on companies performance, employees and countries → research (Mudambi & Venzin, 2010)
- Disruptions require fast analyses "on the fly"
- Nordic countries have unique data

Global Value Chains and International Sourcing survey (2018 – 2020, Nordics)

Table 1. Survey populations

	Denmark	Finland	Norway	Sweden	Total
Number of enterprises	3,522	3,654	3,842	5,815	16,833
Number of persons employed	778,576	827,797	816,310	1,657,643	4,080,326



GVC surveys: periods & countries



2001-2006

- · Czech Rep.
- · Denmark
- · Finland
- · Great Br.
- · Germany
- · Ireland
- · Italy
- · Netherlands
- Norway
- Portugal
- · Sweden
- · Slovenia
- · Spain

2009-2011

- · Belgium
- · Bulgaria
- Denmark
- · Estonia
- · Finland
- · France
- · Ireland
- · Latvia
- · Netherlands
- Norway
- · Portugal
- · Romania
- Slovakia
- · Sweden

2014-2016

- · Austria
- · Bulgaria
- Denmark
- Finland
- Germany
- Hungary
- · Italy
- · Latvia
- · Lithuania
- Netherlands
- Norway
- · Poland
- Portugal
- · Romania
- Slovakia
- Sweden

2018-2020

- Austria
- · Bulgaria
- Denmark
- Finland
- France
- Germany
- Hungary
- · Ireland
- · Italy
- Latvia
- · Lithuania
- · Malta
- · Netherlands
- Norway
- · Poland
- · Portugal
- · Sweden

GVC surveys: main themes

2001-2006

- · Domestic sourcing
- · Int'l sourcing
- · Business functions
- Geography
- · Organizational
- · Job impact
- Motivation factors
- Barriers
- · IS future plans

2009-2011

- Domestic activities
- · Int'l sourcing
 - · Business functions
- Geography
- Organizational
- · Job impact
- · Motivation factors
- · Barriers
- Int'l backsourcing and relocation
- · Foreign affiliates
- · Suppliers abroad

2014-2016

- · Domestic activities
- · Domestic sourcing
- · Int'l sourcing
- · Business functions
- Geography
- Organizational
- · Job impact
- · Motivation factors
- Barriers
- Moving functions back to DK

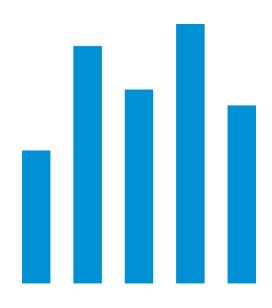
2018-2020

- · Domestic activities
- GVC arrangements
- Buying/selling goods
- Buying/selling services
- · Int'l sourcing
- · Business functions
- Geography
- Organizational
- · Job impact
- Motivation factors
- Barriers
- · COVID-19



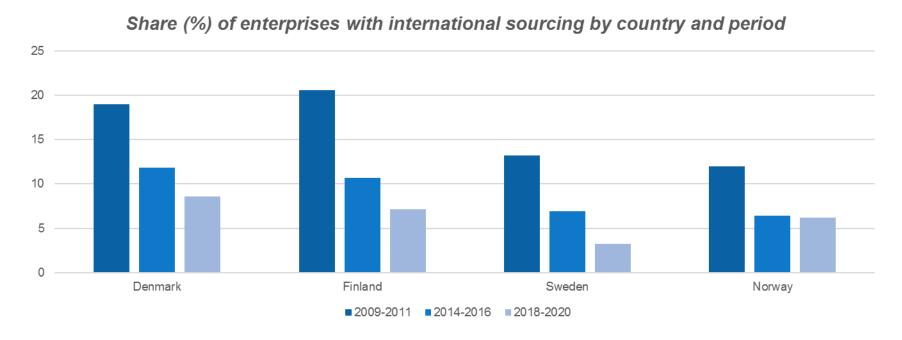
ISGVC Findings: 2018-2020

- > Relocation of jobs abroad has fallen drastically
- ➤ To EU countries & within their own group
- > Support functions more often than core functions
- Lower costs are still the main motive



GVC Findings: over time

• In the Nordics: enterprises with 50+ employees*

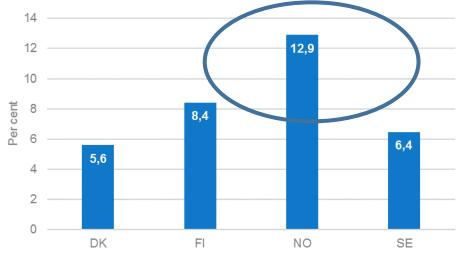


Note: *For Finland, Sweden and Norway, the 2009-2011 shares are calculated based on the sub-sample of companies with 100+ employees.



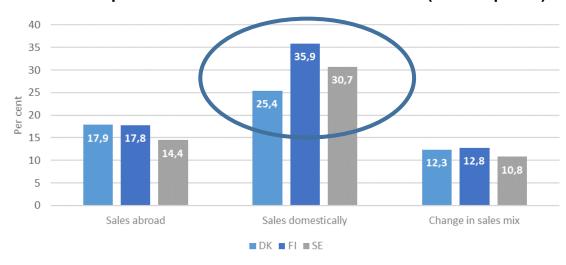
ISGVC Findings: COVID-19

Importance of COVID-19 as a barrier for international sourcing (all enterprises)



Note: Share of companies reporting COVID-19 as Moderately or Very important barrier when considering or carrying out international sourcing in the period 2018-2020.

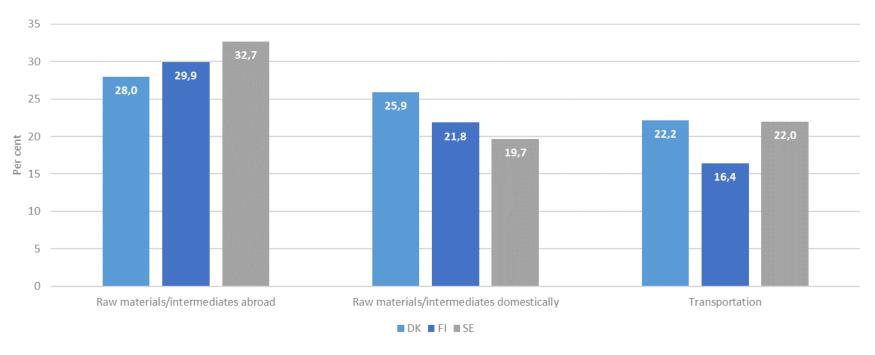
COVID-19 impact on sales and sales channels in 2020 (all enterprises)



Note: Share of companies reporting Severe or Moderate impact from COVID-19 on different aspects of business in 2020. For Denmark, the reply categories are Very important and Important.



Impact of COVID-19 on Industry and Construction

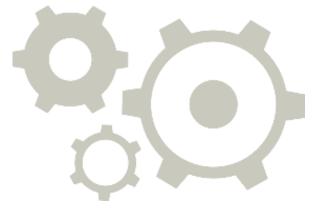


Note: Share of companies reporting Severe or Moderate impact from COVID-19 on different aspects of business in 2020. For Denmark, the reply categories are Very important and Important.



GVC survey: challenges

- More analyses needed (e.g. COVID-19 questions linked to other data sources)
- EU regulations: good, but contents need to be specified a long time in advance → collaboration needed
- If companies are not engaging in offshoring, what are the key globalization trends then?





Future perspectives

- ➤ New EU regulation on European business statistics entering into force → ISGVC statistics
 - Mandatory for all member states; Triennial, "Dynamic"
 Regulation (EU) 2019/2152 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27
 November 2019 on European business statistics
- ➤ Dialogue, dialogue, dialogue
 - Companies, researchers, policy-makers
 - EU & Nordics (e.g. NSM22 workshop, Task Force meetings)





Thank you!

